

Telegraphic—Foreign Affairs.

FATAL LAND AND WATER ACCIDENTS.

SPANIARDS DEFEATED—RAVAGES OF CHOLERA, ETC., ETC.

LONDON, February 27.—Several disasters on sea and land are reported, caused by the gale of yesterday, which was especially violent at Liverpool, Edinburgh and Shields. The schooner Emma Maria went ashore on the Scotch coast, near Arbarath, and all on board were lost. A furious thunder storm passed over Dublin last night, causing much damage. The bark Heirss, from Liverpool for Galveston, went ashore at Port Ferry, and probably will be a total loss. The ship Louise, at Liverpool from Pensacola, was in collision with a steamer and was damaged.

BATONNE, February 27.—The Spanish army under Mariones has made three attacks on the Carlist force before Bilbao, and was repulsed each time.

LISBON, February 27.—Late advices from Buenos Ayres say the cholera continues to ravage with unabated violence in the city, and many persons are dying from the scourge. There was much excitement throughout the Argentine Confederation over the elections.

Telegraphic—American Matters.

ENGINEERS' BROTHERHOOD—THE WOMEN'S WHISKEY WAR—GALLOWS VICTIMS—LIVERY STABLES AND HORSES BURNED—THE P. H.—THE CHARLESTON RACES, ETC., ETC.

CHARLESTON, February 27.—Arrived—Steamship Falcon, Baltimore; schooner Lily, New York.

CINCINNATI, February 27.—A German paper in Dayton has come out against the temperance crusade, and earnestly advises the men to organize into a regiment, and by an appeal to arms, to drive back the temperance warring women. It claims that the men's rights are being infringed upon, and lifts its opposing voice in holy horror.

CLEVELAND, February 27.—The Locomotive Engineers, yesterday, appointed P. M. Arthur, of Albany, Grand Chief Engineer of the Brotherhood.

NEW YORK, February 27.—More earnestness was displayed yesterday among the temperance advocates in this city than has previously appeared. The numerous temperance lodges and church societies, both Protestant and Catholic, are receiving new vigor. 25,000 temperance tracts were ordered yesterday by the Massachusetts Temperance Alliance alone. Over 100 liquor dealers in this city have written letters expressing their willingness to discontinue the liquor business.

WASHINGTON, February 27.—The Senate passed a resolution instructing the Secretary of the Treasury to inform Congress what further legislation is necessary to prevent public officials having charge of internal revenue stamps from becoming defaulters, and if such officials should not give bonds.

Details of the temperance raid cover many pages, and are too absurd to go further South than Washington by telegraph. The women have dirty water thrown on them, and eat a thin lunch while kneeling in the gutters. The lady raiders are usually about fifteen (not in years, by any means, but) in number.

WAHGEN, ILL., February 27.—Christopher Raftery was hanged to-day. He died without a struggle.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., February 27.—William Acree was hanged to-day. He confessed his guilt.

FREDERICK, MD., February 27.—The large livery stable of Samuel T. Brangle was destroyed by fire, about 4 o'clock, this morning. Several valuable horses were burned, including the well-known Wade Hampton.

WASHINGTON, February 27.—The centennial bill and the bill regarding liquor traffic occupied the day. Carpenter said that on Monday next, after the pending bill should be disposed of, he would ask the Senate to take up for reference his bill in regard to a new election in Louisiana, and would ask the indulgence of the Senate to enable him to submit some remarks thereon. West said, as a member of the Appropriation Committee, having charge of the army appropriation bill, he would ask to have that considered as soon as the pending bill should be disposed of, to the exclusion of everything else. A large number of private bills were passed. The motion to reconsider the vote rejecting the franking privilege was not called up. It is still pending.

The House Committee on Commerce this morning heard arguments in favor of the bill to prevent obstruction of the commerce of the Mississippi River by the alleged tow-boat monopoly of New Orleans.

Private despatches from New Orleans give the following as comparative appropriations made, including schools: 1874, \$1,500,000; 1875, \$3,750,000; 1876, \$5,750,000. These appropriations were made by the Louisiana Legislature. Gov. Kellogg claims that these figures show a wonderful reform in the management of the State finances.

Simmons was confirmed to-day as Collector of Customs at Boston, by ten majority. A great Butler triumph.

Probabilities—For the South Atlantic States, stationary and falling barometer, Easterly winds and cloudy or partly cloudy weather.

NEW YORK, February 27.—Daniel Drew is dangerously ill.

It is understood that plans for the whiskey crusade in this city will, at the farthest, be completed by Monday next.

It is said there are prospects of a prize fight being arranged between Tom Allen and Jim Mace. The latter is now in London.

CHARLESTON, February 27.—The racing at the Washington Course was better than yesterday and the attendance larger. The first race of one-half mile dash, for a purse of \$200, was won by Hitchcock's bay filly, in 52½ seconds, beating Vaudolite, Flower Girl and Mortgage in the order named. The second purse of \$300, dash of two miles,

for all ages, was won by Hitchcock's chestnut colt Limestone, in 3.51, beating Revenge, Jim Hinton and Joe Johnston in the order named. The third race, mile heats, for all ages, for a purse of \$250, was won by Lewis & Co.'s bay horse Ortalan, in 1.54 and 1.50, beating Fireball and Lone Star in the order named; the latter being distanced.

CINCINNATI, February 27.—The distillery of Bryson & Co., in Portsmouth, Ohio, was destroyed by fire this morning. The distillery was valued at \$50,000; no insurance.

Telegraphic—Commercial Reports.

COLUMBIA, February 27.—Sales of cotton, to-day, 64 bales—middling 14½¢.

LONDON, February 27.—American securities with small sales and unchanged. Erie 43½¢@43¾¢.

PARIS, February 27.—Specie increased 21,000,000.

FRANKFORT, February 27.—Bonds 98½¢.

LIVERPOOL, February 27.—3 P. M.—Cotton dull and unchanged; sales 12,000 bales, including 2,000 for speculation and export; sales of the week 72,000, including 7,000 for export and 3,000 for speculation; stock 723,000, including 338,000 American; receipts of the week 112,000, including 95,000 American; actual export 10,000; stock afloat 396,000, including 267,000 American; sales of Orleans, nothing below low middling, deliverable in April or May, 8; sales include 7,000 American; sales of uplands, nothing below good ordinary, deliverable in March or April, 7½¢.

LIVERPOOL, February 27.—Evening.—Cotton—sales of uplands, nothing below good ordinary, deliverable in March or April, 7.7-16. Yarns and fabrics at Manchester dull, with a downward tendency.

NEW YORK, February 27.—Noon.—Cotton dull; sales 621 bales—uplands 16½¢; Orleans 16½¢. Futures opened: February 15; March 15, 15.1-16; April 15 17-32, 15.9-16; May 16 1-32, 16.3-32; June 16½, 16.9-16; July 16 29-32. Flour dull and drooping. Wheat dull and nominally lower. Corn a shade firmer. Pork heavy—mess 15.75. Lard heavy—steam 9.1-10@9½¢. Freights steady. Stocks steady. Money 4. Gold 12½¢. Exchange—long 4.83½¢; short 4.87. Governments steady. State bonds steady.

7 P. M.—Money active and easy, at 3 @. Exchange firmer, at 4.84. Gold dull, at 12½¢@12¾¢. Governments firm and considerable doing. States quiet and nominal. Cotton quiet and steady; sales 1,373 bales, at 16½¢@16¾¢; Southern flour dull and lower—6.50@7.45 for common to fair extra; 7.50@11.00 for good to choice. Whiskey lower, at 96½¢@97½¢. Wheat dull and heavy, and 2@3¢. lower; unfavorable cable accounts materially checked export demand—No. 2 Chicago 1.46@1.48. Corn quiet—76@80 for new Western mixed. Rice dull and unchanged. Pork heavy—new mess 15.75. Beef unchanged. Lard steady, at 9.1-10@9½¢. Cotton—net receipts 842 bales; gross 4,700. Futures closed easier; sales 29,400; March 15 3-32, 15½¢; April 15 17-32, 15.9-16; May 16 1-32, 16.1-16; June 16 16-32, 16½¢; July 16½, 16.29-32.

CINCINNATI, February 27.—Flour dull. Corn dull, at 59@62. Provisions heavy and weak. Pork dull, at 14.25@14.50. Lard dull—steam 8.43½¢@8.62½¢; kettle 8.75@8.87½¢. Bacon dull—shoulders 61½¢; clear rib 81½¢; clear 8½¢@8½¢. Whiskey firm and active, at 93.

LOUISVILLE, February 27.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Corn 71¢@73. Provisions quiet and unchanged. Pork 15.00. Bacon—shoulders 61½¢; clear rib 81½¢; clear 8½¢@8½¢. Lard—three 91½¢@93½¢; keg 91½¢@101½¢. Whiskey 92½¢.

ST. LOUIS, February 27.—Flour in improved demand, and prices unchanged. Corn dull and a shade lower—59½¢@59¾¢ for No. 2 mixed, in East elevator; 59 in March; 61½¢ in May. Whiskey dull, at 93. Pork lower, at 14.00@14.50 for round lots. Bacon dull; only small jobbing trade. Lard nominal.

NEW ORLEANS, February 27.—Cotton quiet and unchanged—middling 15½¢; net receipts 4,651 bales; gross 5,931; exports to Great Britain 5,165; continent 1,000; coastwise 1,533; sales 6,700; stock 326,274; weekly net receipts 32,849; gross 39,095; exports to Great Britain 27,364; continent 8,955; France 5,936; coastwise 5,880; sales 44,890.

MOBILE, February 27.—Cotton quiet and unchanged—net receipts 1,314; exports to Great Britain 5,450; coastwise 2,623; sales 1,000; stock 58,844; weekly net receipts 7,314; gross 7,331; exports to Great Britain 5,450; coastwise 8,816; sales 7,500.

NORFOLK, February 27.—Cotton firm—low middling 14½¢; net receipts 1,675 bales; exports coastwise 1,925; sales 350; stock 15,452; weekly net receipts 1,233; exports coastwise 14,149; sales 2,560.

BOSTON, February 27.—Cotton dull and unchanged—gross receipts 154 bales; sales 200; stock 500; weekly net receipts 510 bales; gross 5,960; exports to Great Britain 588; sales 950.

AUGUSTA, February 27.—Cotton demand good—middling 15; receipts 358 bales; sales 769; stock in 1874, 28,569; in 1873, 14,383; weekly receipts 4,232; shipments 4,372; sales 4,025.

PHILADELPHIA, February 27.—Cotton quiet—net receipts 192 bales; gross 302; weekly net receipts 2,995; gross 5,474.

MEMPHIS, February 27.—Cotton quiet and demand moderate—low middling 14½¢@14½¢; receipts 1,521 bales; shipments 5,689; stock in 1874, 59,782; in 1873, 35,315; weekly receipts 10,881; shipments 16,331.

GALVESTON, February 27.—Cotton quiet and in fair demand—good ordinary 13½¢; middling 15½¢; net receipts 1,627 bales; exports to Great Britain 845; sales 2,000; stock 110,263; weekly net receipts 10,471; exports to Great Britain 8,026; coastwise 3,531; sales 7,000.

CHARLESTON, February 27.—Cotton

easy—middling 15½¢; net receipts 244 bales; gross 2,462; exports coastwise 588; sales 1,000; stock 59,841; weekly net receipts 12,518; gross 12,540; exports to Great Britain 3,126; continent 1,565; coastwise 3,153; sales 7,300.

BAZMORNE, February 27.—Cotton quiet and nominal—middling 15½¢; low middling 14½¢; good ordinary 13½¢; net receipts 321 bales; gross 563; exports coastwise 301; sales 876; spinners 470; stock 15,133; weekly net receipts 633; gross 2,661; exports coastwise 1,270; sales 1,965; spinners 857.

SAVANNAH, February 27.—Cotton firm—middling 15½¢; net receipt 2,219 bales; exports coastwise 1,343; sales 1,291; stock 97,418; weekly net receipts 15,993; exports coastwise 6,539; continent 2,550; Great Britain 4,606; sales 6,754.

WILMINGTON, February 27.—Cotton steady—middling 14½¢; net receipts 239 bales; stock 3,622; weekly net receipts 1,232; exports to Great Britain 779; continent 785; coastwise 135.

The folly and danger of fondling and cuddling poodles and other small dogs have recently had an impressive illustration in the experience of the lady known in literary and theatrical circles in New York as "Ada Clare." She was nursing her pet dog which was ill, and while holding the animal in her lap, the treacherous little beast, for some trivial cause or other, sprang at her, and, catching her nose between its teeth, wrenched and tore the unfortunate woman's face so severely that her countenance will undoubtedly be disfigured for life.

This is the year in which the late Sister Anna Maria Taiga, of Rome, predicted the Pope would die, with attendant convulsions of nature. "For three days and three nights," she said, "Cimmerian darkness will rest over the earth, hiding every object in the world from view; the people who look out of the windows for the purpose of describing what is going on in the firmament will be immediately struck dead."

Ab Sin seems to be a source of great spiritual tribulation to the country. Senator Sargent, of California, dwelt at length upon the evils of Chinese immigration, showing that the 60,000 of them in his own State were not adding to its material prosperity or moral improvement. Some legislation may be necessary to regulate the influx of these almond-eyed people, but it is necessary that it should be wisely considered.

A MODEL TOWN COUNCIL.—The Town Council of the metropolis across the river is a perfect model of municipal government. All motions are made and ordinances offered by the able genius who wields the sceptre of Mayoral power, and blindly acquiesced in by the quondam field hands who constitute the board.—Augusta Chronicle and Sentinel.

Upon the recommendation of Judge Cooke and Solicitor Blythe, the Governor has pardoned George McClellan, alias Wm. George, convicted of grand larceny at the March (1873) term of the criminal court for Ocean County, and sentenced to four years in the penitentiary—the pardon to take effect the first day of April next.

A wrestling match between Major Jas. McLaughlin, of Detroit, Michigan, champion of the United States, and Michael Whelan, champion of California, for \$4,000 and the championship of America, came off in a crowded hall in San Francisco, on the evening of the 14th inst. McLaughlin was an easy winner.

GREAT EXPECTATIONS.—A Griffin man is about to enter suit for the recovery of a large portion of Atlanta, the titles to which property he claims. Strange to say, a simultaneous effort is being made by a man in Mississippi to recover the ownership of one-half of Richmond, Va.

A Kentucky farmer went to Cincinnati the other day and bought a jug of whiskey, and, when he got home, he found that the whiskey had been poured out and the jug filled with water. Thus, by an interposition of Providence as mysterious as it was benign and merciful, the poor man's life was saved.

A woman in Worcester, Mass., whose buildings were set on fire and damaged by lightning, has recovered damages from the lightning rod company, whose agent when fixing the rods in the building guaranteed protection.

Gen. Gonzales was installed as President of San Domingo on the 27th ult. He was elected by a large majority. All the members of the family of ex-President Baez have been banished from the country.

It is averred that the reason American girls refuse to enter domestic service is that they object to anything approaching menial employment—what they seek is hygienic.

United States Minister Jewell gave a grand fete at St. Petersburg, in honor of Washington's birthday. It was attended by all diplomatists, a number of Americans and others.

Mexican women are killing creatures. Two of them recently fought a duel, and one of them killed her antagonist in a scientific and womanly manner.

A hatter in Terre Haute, Wis., has a bundle of old unpaid bills hung up in his store labelled, "The reason why I don't give credit."

What is one man's loss in another man's gain, as a fellow said when he saw a man walking before him drop his pocket-book.

A Savannah young lady, on the eve of marriage with one young man, deserted him and married another.

Mrs. Smith says her husband is like a tallow candle, because he always will smoke when he is going out.

Mr. Samuel A. Echols, formerly of the Atlanta Sun, will shortly emigrate to Omaha.

If John's father is Joe's brother, what relation is John to Joe's mother?

YOUR WORK OF LIFE.—In a recent speech on self-culture, Lord Derby, the great common-sense statesman of England, expressed the opinion that talent is not the first qualification for a successful career, and mentions particularly two men who rose to fill some of the highest offices in England, and who filled them well, too, and who yet were at college constantly ridiculed for slowness of comprehension; and he goes on to speak of those first-class men at the universities who are now struggling hard for mere bread and a roof. Touching on the mental restlessness, the inquiry, the doubt of the times, no says most simply and naturally what it will not harm the modern American to read again and again: "Right and wrong, honor, duty and country, benevolence toward men and responsibility toward the unseen power by which human actions are guided and controlled—these are not idle phrases. They are realities which correspond with the deepest wants and feelings of our nature; and no man will feel himself utterly cast down who can say in his heart what the wisest and best of the human race have proclaimed in the whole tenor of their lives. Whether I am happy or unhappy, is not my chief affair; what most and first concerns me is to find my work in life, to recognize it, and to do it." The last clause of this last sentence is a volume of truth and wisdom condensed in two lines. Many of the failures in life occur from men not finding their proper vocation, or if they have it, not being willing to accept it. Every man who has succeeded signally has discovered and adopted what he was fitted for, and pursued it with perseverance and energy.

A GREAT POLITICAL PARTNERSHIP DISSOLVED.—The partnership heretofore doing business under the name U. S. Grant and Party is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The outstanding claims and responsibilities are assumed by the Party, the senior member of the firm retaining only the old place of business, with a salary of \$50,000 a year and perquisites, amounting to \$5 much more.

The Party continues the business, and thankful for past favors, solicits a continuance of confidence and public patronage. The attention of bankers, monopolists, protectionists, carpet-baggers, scalawags and blighted bond-holders is respectfully called to the new assortment of measures that will redound to their benefit where used.

Orders from the lobby attended to with promptness and despatch. The Party will sell low, for cash, a damaged lot of character, old handkerchiefs, engraved likenesses of the minute Richardson, (said, when seen through a microscope, to be admirable portraits;) a large assortment of decayed platforms, financial schemes, dead Chief Justices and other lumber thrown aside to make room for new stock of a like sort.

[Washington Capital.

As was suspected from the stringent stipulations concerning the autopsy, the death of the hyphenated brothers is not to interfere with their profitability. The curiosity of the twins living is to be replaced with the show of the Siamese dead. The connecting ligature has not been severed, and barring a few slashes on the abdomen and an excavation in the chest, the bodies are as good as new. The children object to this exhibition of their fathers' remains, but the bereaved widows insist that as the defect "cut up" much worse than they anticipated, they should be made to "cut up" better after death.

The Pioneer Club, colored, in Alexandria, Va., being lately about to give a ball, announced on the programme that the entertainment would be "strictly moral until 12 o'clock." The odd announcement having caused some comment, the committee of arrangements have written to the newspapers to explain. "Strictly moral" means promiscuous, which even members of churches may engage in. After that the light fantastic, though "no inferior characters," will be allowed inside the building.

By the arrival of a steamer from Rio de Janeiro, news is received that Asiatic cholera is raging in Buenos Ayres with increased intensity, claiming from thirty to forty victims per day. The total number of deaths amount to 317. 50,000 persons had abandoned their homes in the city to seek refuge in the upper country. The President of the republic had also fled the city for a healthier residence on the island of Carapacha. This act of Saimento is unfavorably commented upon by the press.

That cantankerous school board in Boston needs regulation badly. Notwithstanding the people elected four women school commissioners, and a decision of the Supreme Court of the State declared them eligible, the board refuses to admit the fair committee-men. Now let the latter get up another tea-party, and throw the rebellious men overboard, just as their male ancestors did the British tea. We are satisfied that board will have to be dissolved speedily.

From 1840 to 1853, the average annual expenditure on account of Indian affairs was \$1,381,734; from 1850 to 1865 it averaged \$3,221,753 annually; for the year 1873, under the present corrupt and extravagant Administration, it was \$7,951,704, or nearly \$8,000,000 in round numbers. The Indians are rapidly disappearing, but it seems the fewer there are the more it cost to provide for them.

Special Deputy United States Marshal John B. Hubbard claims to be doing great execution in York County; he has succeeded in seizing several stills, and destroyed 2,000 or 3,000 gallons of mash. The arrested parties have been bound over to appear before the United States Court.

ARAZE WITH DIAMONDS.—Mrs. Astor, the wife of the hundred millionaire of New York, appeared at a party given at her Fifth Avenue residence, one evening last week, at which she literally blazed with diamonds. On each of her shoulders, she had four stars, the size of silver half dollars, made of diamonds. Her hair was set thickly with diamonds, and her head seemed aflame with them. There was a diamond bandeau upon her brow. She had diamond ear-rings, and a diamond necklace of magnificent proportions. Upon the two sides of her chest were two circles of diamonds about the size of the palm of the hand. From them depended lines and curves of diamonds reaching to her waist, around which she wore a diamond girdle. On the skirts of her dress in front were two large peacocks, wrought of lines of diamonds. There were rows of diamonds on her slippers. There were diamonds, large or small, but in every variety and form, all over her dress and person wherever they could be artistically placed. She presented an extraordinary dazzling spectacle. A connoisseur in precious stones, who was present, says the diamonds she wore could not have cost less than \$1,000,000.

The dilapidated and insecure condition of the Virginia State House, and the discussion of a proposition to build a new one, has caused an interesting revelation to be made. Many of the newspapers of the State urge that the capital should be moved further West; that it is too far from the centre of the State. One plea is for its removal to Staunton, and in defence of it, it is asserted that the people of West Virginia, becoming tired of their political wranglings and trials of self-government, are anxious to annul the mythical Act of separation, about the legality of which, it being done during the rebellion by an ex parte vote, it will be remembered there were grave doubts, and re-unite themselves to the Old Dominion. If the capital be removed to Staunton, it is urged the movement for a re-union will be speedily accomplished.

We hope that none who may be afflicted with any chronic disease that has been considered incurable will fail to call at the Columbia Hotel, to consult Dr. Greene, who is physician-in-chief to the celebrated Infirmary at Charlotte, N. C. The cures effected at the above institution have been truly wonderful, and many in our own and adjoining States have been snatched from the very verge of the grave and restored to good health. He will only remain a very few days at the Columbia Hotel, where he will examine and prescribe for any and all free of charge.

A CAUTIOUS SUGGESTION.—In the event that the apprehended Indian war should grow formidable, rendering the calling for Western volunteers necessary, the Chicago Times suggests that discrimination should be made against the enlistment of Mormons, or, to prevent the bankrupting of the Government, the pension laws should be repealed. The widows and orphans of Brigham Young, under existing laws, would be a formidable stupendary battalion.

AN EXPENSIVE MACHINE.—The Baltimore Sun and Philadelphia Age have been figuring up the cost of the United States army. From 1861 to 1866 the soldiers cost the Government \$1,094,000,000, exclusive of bounties. The Modoc war cost \$6,000,000. Each person in the United States army costs \$948 per head, men and officers. The French army costs \$137.50 per head.

STARTLING.—The ways of the world furnish many startling incidents, but there is no current event quite so startling as the way in which the tickets for the Concert of the Public Library of Kentucky are going off. Everybody feels that the time is now so short before the drawing it will admit of no further delay in securing tickets. Tickets for sale by D. Gambrell.

Dr. G. Troup Maxwell, of Newcastle, Delaware, formerly of Georgia, has engrafted the skin from his arm upon the face of a negro. The doctor was jubilant, as one would naturally be on seeing the white patch grow, but the negro not having white blood to keep it up, found his sashship restored at the end of three months.

"If," advertises a philosophical victim, "the person who took a fancy to my over-coat was influenced by the weather, then all is serene; but if he did so from commercial considerations, I am ready to enter into financial negotiations for its return."

The Staunton Indicator learns that "the people of West Virginia are so disgusted with State affairs generally that if an arrangement could be made without unduly burdening them with a debt, they would willingly rejoin Virginia."

Moline, one of the parties who fled the Virginia drover of \$1,800, of which Penn Bardell was supposed to be one, and which led John Chisolm to demand money of him, has been arrested at Atlanta, and is in jail.

Raleigh is about to be blessed with two morning and two evening dailies, and they all agree. The names of this happy quartette are the Sentinel, the Crescent, the News and the Examiner.

The demand for postal cards has now settled down to between 8,000,000 and 9,000,000 per month.

For Sale—500 Bushels "SOUTHERN QUEEN" Sweet Potatoes!

PRODUCES over 500 bushels to the acre, on favorable land. Equal to the "Yam" in eating qualities—and have dug them half pound in weight in this latitude, on 4th July. Price \$2.50 per bushel. RICHARD O'NEALE, JR., Columbia, S. C. Feb 5 12mo

Auction Sales.

Valuable Building Lot.

BY D. O. PEIXOTTO & SONS, ON MONDAY MORNING NEXT, March 2, at 10 o'clock, in front of the Court House, in this city, we will sell, That prominent and valuable BUILDING LOT, situated on Main street, in this city, and having the following boundaries and dimensions: Bounded West by Main street, and fronting thereon thirty-one feet and eleven inches, more or less, and running back one hundred and fifty-one feet and nine inches, more or less; on the North by John English; South by Dr. Graft, and East by L. O. Carpenter. This property is a very eligible site for business purposes, and one rarely offered, and is well worth the attention of purchasers.

Terms—One-third cash; balance in one and two years, secured by bond and mortgage, bearing interest at seven per cent. per annum. Purchaser to pay us for papers. Feb 28

The Cider Has Arrived, AND is on draught at A. STORCK'S Saloon, Richardson street. Feb 28

Typographical Union, No. 34. THE regular Monthly Meeting of this Union will be held at the Independent Engine Hall, THIS EVENING, at 7 o'clock. Feb 28 H. N. EMLYN, Sec. and Treas.

Assignee's Notice of Appointment. District of South Carolina—At Columbia, the 23rd day of February, A. D. 1874.

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as ASSIGNER of Mc-Master, Monckton, Roach, of Columbia, in the County of Richland and State of South Carolina, within said District, who have been adjudged bankrupts, on creditors' petition, by the District Court of said District. NATHANIEL BA. NEWELL, Assignee. Feb 28

Vienna, Austria, November 30, 1873. Messrs. Wm. S. Kimball & Co.—Sirs: A friend of mine sent me, with a transport of Indian Scales, two pounds of "Vanity Fair" which I declare to be the best Tobacco I ever smoked. We have very good Tobacco in Vienna—Turkish and Hungarian, but "Vanity Fair" is the king of all, by its aromatic flavor and the right sort of strength. My friend in New York got an appointment in California; by that reason I apply immediately to you, begging you to send me for the enclosed ten dollars a supply of Vanity Fair, and send with the next steamer to Germany. If there is a German firm that sells excellent Vanity Fair, I beg you to enclose me the address.

DR. JOS. HYRTL, Professor of Anatomy in the University of Vienna.

THE INDIAN GIRL has this Tobacco; also, the "Manilla" Cigars at 10 cents, and the celebrated five cent Cigar to offer all who want good "Sunday smoking." Get a supply. Feb 28

THE PORT ROYAL Docks, Warehousing, Trans.

AND BANKING COMPANY. Chartered February 13, 1874. CAPITAL STOCK \$3,000,000.

BOOKS OF SUBSCRIPTION to the Stock of this Company are open in Columbia, S. C., at the Carolina National Bank, and at the Central National Bank. One percent, only paid on application, to secure the stock, and the first regular assessment of twenty per cent. to be paid only when officially called for. Feb 25

Notice. PERSONS wishing to subscribe for the following rare and valuable works, will please address the Agent at the Hendrix House immediately: "Appleton's New American Cyclopaedia;" "General Lee's Life and Campaigns," by J. E. Cooke; "General John Bull's New Book on the Late War;" "Tracy's Business Book or Guide;" "Wm. H. Seward's Life and Travels Around the World," illustrated; "Horse Doctor;" "Smith's Comprehensive Dictionary of the Bible;" "Treasures of Humors," by W. E. Barton, Comedian, or "Appleton's Cyclopaedia of Wit and Humors;" "The Leather Stocking Tales," by volumes in one. These works are only sold to subscribers. Address soon to the Agent, Feb 25 G. JAMES A. McCOMACK.

MONEY TO LOAN, On Marketable Collaterals.

EXCHANGE on New York, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston and all prominent cities of the United States and Europe bought and sold. DEPOSITS received and interest-bearing certificates issued. STOCKS, BONDS, GOLD and SILVER bought and sold. ACCOUNTS of merchants and others from the city and country collected, and LIBERAL LINES OF DISCOUNTS granted by the CENTRAL NATIONAL BANK, Corner of Main and Richardson streets. Feb 25

PACIFIC GUANO COMPANY'S (CAPITAL \$1,000,000.) SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO.